

## CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1           1.       A method for searching, comprising:  
2           splitting among parallel processing blocks elements of a set of values derived  
3           form a set of ratios;  
4           computing in parallel processing blocks a set of values derived from a set of  
5           ratios, each value of the set computed by a respective processing block;  
6           comparing in the parallel processing blocks the respective computed value against  
7           a predetermined value accessible by the respective processing block;  
8           selecting one of the computed value and the predetermined value for a respective  
9           processing block that is nearer to an optimum value; and  
10          determining which of the selected values among the processing blocks is nearest  
11          to the optimum value.

1           2.       A method according to claim 1, wherein splitting among parallel  
2           processing blocks elements of a set of values derived form a set of ratios comprises  
3           splitting among the parallel processing blocks a set of pre-computed values derived from  
4           the set of ratios, each pre-computed value of the set associated with a respective  
5           processing block.

1           3.       A method according to claim 1, wherein splitting among parallel  
2           processing blocks elements of a set of values derived form a set of ratios comprises

3     computing in parallel processing blocks the set of values derived from the set of ratios,  
4     each value of the set computed by a respective processing block.

1           4.     A method according to claim 3, wherein computing the set of values  
2     derived from the set of ratios comprises creating a ratio of an element at an index of a  
3     first buffer to an element at a corresponding index of a second buffer.

1           5.     A method according to claim 4, wherein creating the ratio comprises  
2     creating a ratio of a square of an element of a correlation vector to an element at a  
3     corresponding index of an energy vector in a codebook search.

1           6.     A method according to claim 4, wherein comparing the computed value to  
2     the predetermined value comprises comparing the computed ratio to a predetermined  
3     ratio.

1           7.     A method according to claim 6, wherein comparing the computed ratio to  
2     the predetermined ratio further comprises:  
3             generating a first product of the numerator of the computed ratio multiplied by the  
4     denominator of the predetermined ratio;  
5             generating a second product of the numerator of the predetermined ratio  
6     multiplied by the denominator of the computed ratio; and  
7             determining whether the first product minus the second product is greater than  
8     zero.

1           **8.**     A method according to claim 7, wherein selecting one of the computed  
2 value and the predetermined value that is nearer to the optimum value comprises  
3 selecting the computed value if the first product minus the second product is greater than  
4 zero, otherwise selecting the predetermined value.

1           **9.**     A method according to claim 6, wherein comparing the computed ratio to  
2 the predetermined ratio further comprises:  
3           generating a first product of the numerator of the computed ratio multiplied by the  
4 denominator of the predetermined ratio;  
5           generating a second product of the numerator of the predetermined ratio  
6 multiplied by the denominator of the computed ratio; and  
7           determining whether the first product minus the second product is less than zero.

1           **10.**    A method according to claim 9, wherein selecting one of the computed  
2 value and the predetermined value that is nearer to the optimum value comprises  
3 selecting the computed value if the first product minus the second product is less than  
4 zero, otherwise selecting the predetermined value.

1           **11.**    A method according to claim 6, wherein comparing the ratio to the  
2 predetermined value comprises comparing the ratio to an initial-value ratio for the  
3 respective processing block.

1           **12.**     A method according to claim 6, wherein comparing the ratio to the  
2     predetermined value comprises comparing the ratio to a previously computed ratio  
3     determined on a previous iteration by the respective processing block to be nearer to the  
4     optimum value than a predetermined value of the previous iteration.

1           **13.**     A method according to claim 1, wherein selecting one of the computed  
2     value and the predetermined value that is nearer to the optimum value comprises  
3     selecting the greater of the computed value and the predetermined value.

1           **14.**     A method according to claim 1, wherein the set of values comprises buffer  
2     elements obtained from buffers accessible by the respective processing blocks, and  
3                 wherein selecting one of the computed value and the predetermined value that is  
4     nearer to the optimum value comprises:  
5                 storing as the predetermined value in a storage medium accessible by the  
6     respective processing block one of the computed value and the predetermined  
7     value that is nearer to the optimum value; and  
8                 repeating the elements of computing, comparing, and selecting until all  
9     available buffer elements have been accessed.

1           **15.**     A method according to claim 1, wherein determining which of the selected  
2     values among the processing blocks is nearest to the optimum value comprises:

3           if there are two selected values, repeating the elements of comparing and selecting  
4   in a processing block, with the first selected value as the predetermined value and the  
5   second selected value as the computed value; and  
6           if there are more than two selected values, repeating in parallel processing blocks  
7   the elements of comparing and selecting, with the first selected value as the  
8   predetermined value and the second selected value as the computed value for each  
9   respective processing block.

1           **16.**    An article of manufacture comprising a machine-accessible medium  
2   having content that provides instructions to cause an electronic device to:  
3           computing in parallel processing blocks a set of values derived from a set of  
4   ratios, each value of the set computed by a respective processing block;  
5           comparing in the parallel processing blocks the respective computed value against  
6   a predetermined value accessible by the respective processing block;  
7           selecting one of the computed value and the predetermined value for a respective  
8   processing block that is nearer to an optimum value; and  
9           determining which of the selected values among the processing blocks is nearest  
10   to the optimum value.

1           **17.**    An article of manufacture of claim 16, wherein the content to provide  
2   instructions to cause the electronic device to compute the set of values derived from the  
3   set of ratios comprises the content to provide instructions to cause the electronic device to

4 create a ratio of an element of a first buffer to an element at a corresponding index of a  
5 second buffer.

1       **18.**     An article of manufacture according to claim 17, wherein the content to  
2 provide instructions to cause the electronic device to create the ratio comprises the  
3 content to provide instructions to cause the electronic device to create a ratio of a square  
4 of an element of a correlation vector to an element at a corresponding index of an energy  
5 vector in a codebook search.

1       **19.**     An article of manufacture according to claim 17, wherein the content to  
2 provide instructions to cause the electronic device to compare the computed value to the  
3 predetermined value comprises the content to provide instructions to cause the electronic  
4 device to compare the computed ratio to a predetermined ratio.

1       **20.**     An article of manufacture according to claim 19, wherein the content to  
2 provide instructions to cause the electronic device to compare the computed ratio to the  
3 predetermined ratio further comprises the content to provide instructions to cause the  
4 electronic device to:

5       generate a first product of the numerator of the computed ratio multiplied by the  
6 denominator of the predetermined ratio;

7       generate a second product of the numerator of the predetermined ratio multiplied  
8 by the denominator of the computed ratio; and

9       compare the difference of the first product minus the second product to zero.

1           **21.**     An article of manufacture according to claim 20, wherein the content to  
2     provide instructions to cause the electronic device to select one of the computed value  
3     and the predetermined value that is nearer to the optimum value comprises the content to  
4     provide instructions to cause the electronic device to:

5           if a maximum value is searched for, select the computed value if the first product  
6     minus the second product is greater than zero, otherwise selecting the predetermined  
7     value; and

8           if a minimum value is searched for, select the computed value if the first product  
9     minus the second product is less than zero, otherwise selecting the predetermined value.

1           **22.**     An article of manufacture according to claim 19, wherein the content to  
2     provide instructions to cause the electronic device to compare the ratio to the  
3     predetermined value comprises the content to provide instructions to cause the electronic  
4     device to compare the ratio to an initial-value ratio for the respective processing block.

1           **23.**     An article of manufacture according to claim 19, wherein the content to  
2     provide instructions to cause the electronic device to compare the ratio to the  
3     predetermined value comprises the content to provide instructions to cause the electronic  
4     device to compare the ratio to a previously computed ratio determined on a previous  
5     iteration by the respective processing block to be nearer to the optimum value than a  
6     predetermined value of the previous iteration.

1           **24.**     A method of searching a set of ratios, comprising:  
2                 separating elements of vectors **A** and **B** into a number of different sets;  
3                 computing in parallel processing units a first product of an indexed element of  
4     vector **A** multiplied by a first member of an initial value pair;  
5                 computing in the parallel processing units a second product of an indexed element  
6     of vector **B** multiplied by a second member of the initial value pair;  
7                 setting, for each processing unit, the first member of the initial value pair to the  
8     value of the indexed element of vector **B**, and the second member of the initial value pair  
9     to the value of the indexed element of vector **A**, if the first product is greater than the  
10    second product for the processing unit;  
11                indexing sequential elements of vectors **A** and **B** of the different sets;  
12                repeating the above limitations until a predetermined number of elements of  
13    vectors **A** and **B** has been searched; and  
14                determining which pair of resulting initial values among the parallel processing  
15    units provides a ratio of member one to member two that is nearest to an optimum value.

1           **25.**     A method according to claim 24, wherein separating the elements into the  
2     number of different sets comprises separating the elements into a number of different  
3     sets, the number corresponding to a number of available processing units.

1           **26.**     A method according to claim 24, wherein separating the elements into the  
2     number of different sets comprises separating the elements into a number of different



3 sets, the number determined, at least in part, by a number of separate buffer elements fit  
4 simultaneously on a data transfer bus from a memory to the processing units.

1       **27.**     A method according to claim 24, wherein, for ratio maximization:  
2       computing the first product comprises computing the multiplication of an element  
3 of the vector **A** of numerator elements by a denominator member of the initial value pair;  
4 and  
5       computing the second product comprises computing the multiplication of an  
6 element of the vector **B** of denominator elements by a numerator member of the initial  
7 value pair.

1       **28.**     A method according to claim 27, wherein vector **A** comprises a correlation  
2 vector and vector **B** comprises an energy vector.

1       **29.**     A method according to claim 24, wherein, for ratio minimization:  
2       computing the first product comprises computing the multiplication of an element  
3 of the vector **A** of denominator elements by a numerator member of the initial value pair;  
4 and  
5       computing the second product comprises computing the multiplication of an  
6 element of the vector **B** of numerator elements by a denominator member of the initial  
7 value pair.

1           **30.**     A method according to claim 24, wherein determining which pair of  
2     resulting initial values among the parallel processing units provides the ratio that is  
3     nearest to the optimum value comprises:  
4           if there are two resulting initial value pairs, repeating the elements of computing  
5     and setting in a processing unit, with the values of one initial value pair as the indexed  
6     elements and the values of the other initial value pair as the initial value pair; and  
7           if there are more than two resulting initial value pairs, repeating the elements of  
8     computing and setting in parallel processing units, with the values of one initial value  
9     pair as the indexed elements and the values of another initial value pair as the initial value  
10    pair for each respective processing block.

1           **31.**     A apparatus comprising:  
2           control logic to separate elements of a vector **A** and a vector **B** into a number of  
3     different sets and set a pointer to index various elements of vectors **A** and **B**, the control  
4     logic to increment the indices in response to receiving an indication from a set of parallel  
5     processing units that the parallel processing units have completed a processing function;  
6     and  
7           a set of parallel processing units to repeatedly receive from the control logic and  
8     process elements of vectors **A** and **B** until a predetermined number of elements of vectors  
9     **A** and **B** has been searched, by:  
10           computing a first product of an indexed element of vector **A** multiplied by  
11           a first member of an initial value pair;

12                    computing a second product of an indexed element of vector **B** multiplied  
13                    by a second member of the initial value pair;  
14                    setting, for each processing unit, the first member of the initial value pair  
15                    to the value of the indexed element of vector **B**, and the second member of the  
16                    initial value pair to the value of the indexed element of vector **A**, if the first  
17                    product is greater than the second product for the processing unit; and  
18                    indicating to the control logic that the iteration is complete;  
19                    selection logic to determine which pair of resulting initial values among the  
20 parallel processing units provides a ratio of member one to member two that is nearest to  
21 an optimum value.

1            **32.**    An apparatus according to claim 31, further comprising a memory to store  
2 vectors **A** and **B**, communicatively coupled with parallel processing units via a direct  
3 memory access (DMA) channel.

1            **33.**    An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein the control logic separates  
2 the elements into the number of different sets based on the number of parallel processing  
3 units comprises the set of parallel processing units.

1            **34.**    An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein the control logic separates  
2 the elements into the number of different sets based, at least in part on, a number of  
3 separate elements of the vectors fit simultaneously on a data transfer bus from a memory  
4 to the processing units.

1           **35.**     An apparatus according to claim 34, wherein the data transfer bus  
2 comprises a 64-bit bus, and the elements of vectors **A** and **B** comprise 16-bit values.

1           **36.**     An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein the parallel processing units  
2 search for maximization ratios, and wherein the parallel processing units each compute  
3 the first product by multiplying an element of the vector **A** of numerator elements by a  
4 denominator member of the initial value pair, and compute the second product by  
5 multiplying an element of the vector **B** of denominator elements by a numerator member  
6 of the initial value pair.

1           **37.**     An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein the parallel processing units  
2 search for minimum ratios, and wherein the parallel processing units each compute the  
3 first product by multiplying an element of the vector **A** of denominator elements by a  
4 numerator member of the initial value pair, compute the second product by multiplying  
5 an element of the vector **B** of numerator elements by a denominator member of the initial  
6 value pair.

1           **38.**     A method of searching a codebook, comprising:  
2 separating elements  $x_k$  and  $y_k$  of vectors **X** and **Y** among a number  $N$  parallel  
3 processing circuits to direct elements ( $x_0$  and  $y_0$ ), ( $x_N$  and  $y_N$ ), and ( $x_{2N}$  and  $y_{2N}$ ) to  
4 processing circuit 0, elements ( $x_1$  and  $y_1$ ), ( $x_{N+1}$  and  $y_{N+1}$ ), and ( $x_{2N+1}$  and  $y_{2N+1}$ ) to

5 processing circuit 1, and elements ( $x_{N-1}$  and  $y_{N-1}$ ), ( $x_{2N-1}$  and  $y_{2N-1}$ ), and ( $x_{3N-1}$  and  $y_{3N-1}$ ) to  
 6 processing circuit  $N-1$ , where  $k$  represents the index of the elements of vectors  $\mathbf{X}$  and  $\mathbf{Y}$ ;  
 7 computing in the parallel processing circuits a product  $x_{n,N}^2 \cdot y_{init,N}$ , where  $x_{n,N}^2$   
 8 represents the square of the value of the element of vector  $\mathbf{X}$  at index  $n$  of processing  
 9 circuit  $N$ ,  $y_{init,N}$  represents an initial value for vector  $\mathbf{Y}$  of processing circuit  $N$ , and  $n$   
 10 represents the index of the specific separated elements to be received by processing  
 11 circuit  $N$ ;  
 12 computing in the parallel processing circuits a product  $x_{init,N}^2 \cdot y_{n,N}$ , where  $x_{init,N}^2$   
 13 represents the square of an initial value for vector  $\mathbf{X}$  of processing circuit  $N$ ,  $y_{n,N}$   
 14 represents the value of the element of vector  $\mathbf{Y}$  at index  $n$  of processing circuit  $N$ , and  $n$   
 15 represents the index of the specific separated elements to be received by processing  
 16 circuit  $N$ ;  
 17 setting the values of the pair ( $x_{init,N}, y_{init,N}$ ) to the values of ( $x_{n,N}, y_{n,N}$ ) for each  
 18 processing circuit  $N$  for which the condition ( $x_{n,N}^2 \cdot y_{init,N} ? x_{init,N}^2 \cdot y_{n,N}$ ) is satisfied,  
 19 where the operator  $?$  denotes the greater than ( $>$ ) operation for ratio maximization, and  
 20 denotes the less than ( $<$ ) operation for ratio minimization;  
 21 incrementing each index  $n$  for each processing circuit  $N$ ;  
 22 repeating the above limitations until a predetermined index  $k$  of vectors  $\mathbf{X}$  and  $\mathbf{Y}$   
 23 has been reached; and  
 24 determining which of the various pairs ( $x_{init,N}, y_{init,N}$ ) is nearest to an optimum  
 25 value.

1           **39.**     A method according to claim 38, wherein separating the elements of  
2     vectors **X** and **Y** among  $N$  parallel processing circuits comprises separating the elements  
3     of vector **X** and **Y** among a number of parallel processing units which corresponds to the  
4     number of elements of the vectors that can simultaneously be transmitted on a data  
5     transfer bus coupled with the processing circuits.

1           **40.**     A method according to claim 38, wherein determining which of the  
2     various pairs  $(x_{init,N}, y_{init,N})$  is nearest to the optimum value further comprises:  
3             if there are more than two resulting pairs of  $(x_{init,N}, y_{init,N})$  to search, repeating the  
4     elements of computing and setting in parallel processing circuits with one pair  
5      $(x_{init,N}, y_{init,N})$  as  $(x_{init,N}, y_{init,N})$ , and another pair  $(x_{init,N}, y_{init,N})$  as  $(x_{n,N}, y_{n,N})$  for each  
6     processing circuit until there are two pairs of values remaining; and  
7             if there are two remaining pairs of values, repeating the elements of comparing  
8     and selecting in a processing circuit, with the first pair as  $(x_{init,N}, y_{init,N})$  and the second  
9     pair as  $(x_{n,N}, y_{n,N})$ .

1           **41.**     A system comprising:  
2     a processor having:  
3             control logic to separate elements  $x_k$  and  $y_k$  of vectors **X** and **Y** into  $N$  sets,  
4     where set 0 includes elements  $(x_0$  and  $y_0)$ ,  $(x_N$  and  $y_N)$ , and  $(x_{2N}$  and  $y_{2N})$ , set 1  
5     includes elements  $(x_1$  and  $y_1)$ ,  $(x_{N+1}$  and  $y_{N+1})$ , and  $(x_{2N+1}$  and  $y_{2N+1})$ , and set  $N-1$   
6     includes elements  $(x_{N-1}$  and  $y_{N-1})$ ,  $(x_{2N-1}$  and  $y_{2N-1})$ , and  $(x_{3N-1}$  and  $y_{3N-1})$ , each set

7 to be processed by a corresponding separate parallel processing circuit, where  $k$   
8 represents the index of the elements of vectors  $\mathbf{X}$  and  $\mathbf{Y}$ ;  
9 a processing core with parallel processing circuits to repeatedly compute  
10 products  $(x_{n,N}^2 \cdot y_{init,N})$  and  $(x_{init,N}^2 \cdot y_{n,N})$ , where  $x_{n,N}^2$  represents the square of the  
11 value of the element of vector  $\mathbf{X}$  at index  $n$  of processing circuit  $N$  and  $x_{init,N}^2$   
12 represents the square of an initial value for vector  $\mathbf{X}$  of processing circuit  $N$ ,  $y_{init,N}$   
13 represents an initial value for vector  $\mathbf{Y}$  of processing circuit  $N$  and  $y_{n,N}$  represents  
14 the value of the element of vector  $\mathbf{Y}$  at index  $n$  of processing circuit  $N$ , and set the  
15 values of the pair  $(x_{init,N}, y_{init,N})$  to the values of  $(x_{n,N}, y_{n,N})$  for each processing  
16 circuit  $N$  for which the condition  $(x_{n,N}^2 \cdot y_{init,N} \geq x_{init,N}^2 \cdot y_{n,N})$  is satisfied, until a  
17 predetermined value of  $k$  has been reached; and  
18 a value selection circuit to determine which of the various pairs  
19  $(x_{init,N}, y_{init,N})$  is nearest to an optimum value; and  
20 a modulator communicatively coupled with the processor to modulate signals for  
21 transmission over a communication channel.

1 **42.** A system according to claim 41, wherein the modulator is included in a  
2 front-end transmission circuit that prepares for transmission over a power line a signal  
3 including compressed speech and the pair  $(x_{init,N}, y_{init,N})$  that is determined by the  
4 processor to be nearest to the optimum value.

1           **43.**     A system according to claim 42, further comprising a channel coder  
2     coupled with the modulator to prepare the signal according to a protocol associated with a  
3     communication channel on the power line.

1           **44.**     A system according to claim 41, wherein the processor is adapted to  
2     perform an algebraic codec search according to the Adaptive Multi-Rate (AMR)  
3     standard.